



FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 23 1897

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, April 23.

President McKinley has decided to nominate William R. Day, of Canton, O., to be first assistant secretary of State, and ex-Representative Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati, O., to be minister to Belgium. These nominations were to have been sent to the Senate to-day but owing to that body's adjournment over until Monday will not go in until next week. Judge Day, who will be named to succeed Mr. Rockhill as first assistant secretary of State, is also from Ohio.

The republican Senators in caucus to-day decided to accept the proposition made by the opposition for the filling of the Senate committees, leaving the arrangement of the details to Senator McMillan's committee on committees. The caucus also considered the question of filling the elective offices of the Senate, and the managing committee was authorized to negotiate with the opposition to the end of securing a division of these places. Both the Senate and the sergeant-at-arms of the Senate are democrats, and the republicans think they should be allowed to name a man to fill one of these places. The details of this negotiation will be left to a sub committee, consisting of Messrs. McMillan, Lodge and Spooner.

Consul General Lee has cabled the State Department that John J. Kelly, of Philadelphia, has been released and will leave the island. Nothing is known at the department of the conditions under which Kelly was arrested.

Judge Hagner signed a decree divorcing Mrs. Lucy H. Ames from Maj. George A. Ames, a retired officer of the United States army.

Representative Maquire, of California, to-day introduced a resolution in the House declaring that the war between Turkey and Greece was a war between Moslem and Christian civilizations and directing that the sympathy of the United States be extended to Greece with the hope that her struggle may be successful. The resolution was referred to the committee on foreign affairs, but as that committee is not appointed no action will be taken at present.

Representative Dorr, of West Virginia, to-day introduced a bill to repeal the civil service law.

Mr. Brander of Fairfax county, Va., was at the Capitol to-day trying to get Congressman Walker of that State to endorse his application for the postmastership at Fairfax Court House. The republican committee of the State has recommended Mr. Hawhurst for the place, but Mr. Brander has a paper endorsed by Secretary Alger and other prominent national republicans that he requested General Walker to present to the President for him, but which the General declined to do, upon the ground that it is as much as he can do to have postmasters appointed in his own district.

Colonel Lamb, chairman of the Virginia republican executive committee, was at the Capitol to-day. He doesn't hesitate to say that he is utterly opposed to the policy the administration has adopted of dispensing its patronage in Virginia in accordance with the recommendation of the "diamond four," Bowden, Waddill, Brady and Agnew, with the former as referee in all cases of dispute, and that though he has made no agreement with the republican congressmen from his State, Messrs. Walker and Yost, to attempt to defeat it, the only reason therefor is the fact that he has had no opportunity, and has not been asked to do so.

Mr. Ellyson of Richmond was here yesterday, but it is said, not on political business. He is in good spirits and thinks his chances of receiving the gubernatorial nomination are very favorable. People from the rural portion of the State recently and now here seem to think that Mr. Tyler is the favorite in their districts, though they all speak in the highest terms of Mr. Ellyson. Mr. Johnson of Culpeper, here yesterday, said he had just come from Stafford county, the democrats of which, he said, at least those with whom he had talked, were for Mr. Tyler, and Mr. Jackson of Warren county said that though personally he was in favor of Mr. Ellyson, the sentiment in his county, so far as he had heard, leaned toward Mr. Tyler.

The executive committee of the Virginia republicans are still here. To the demand of the negroes of their State for a categorical response to the question as to whether or not they intend to recommend negroes for office, they replied that their questioners must name the men they want to be recognized and the offices they wish them to have. That reply was not satisfactory, the negroes saying the committee should make the selections as they knew the best of the race, and that they party the most good. The committee and the office seekers will hold another conference this evening. Up to this time, however, nothing has been agreed upon, and the committee is as far away from their chairman, Col. Lamb, and the two republican congressmen from their State, as ever.

The following Virginia fourth-class postmasters were appointed to-day: Arbor Hill, J. N. Yates; Endicott, G. O. McAlexander; Gladstone, W. H. Harris; Hunter's Lodge, J. H. Pace; Lanexa, J. D. Turner; Lithia, H. Brugh; Oakdale, J. D. Deacon. Secretary Sherman has received a brief cablegram from Minister Terrell, at Constantinople, under date of yesterday, stating that Osman Pasha, the old hero of the Turkish defense of Plevna, left Constantinople last night to assume command of the Turkish army in the field.

THE GREEK WAR.

After the defeat at Grizovalli, the Greeks rallied at Mati, which place commands the road to Larissa. The Turks renewed their attack and the Greeks were obliged to retreat. At Raveni, the other principal objective of the Turkish advance, fighting also continues. Admiral Von Hofs, has announced his intention of resigning command of the Turkish fleet, if the fleet is ordered to leave the Hellespont, he believing that the ships are unfitted for active operations. The Turks have taken Rapsani, but the advantage they derive from the capture is not apparent. The plan of entering Thessaly by way of the passes of Reveni and Bonghazi has been abandoned by the Turks owing to the successful Greek resistance.

The police of New York to-day raided the offices of the following New street firms on the allegation that they were conducting their business illegally: The Standard Stock and Petroleum Exchange; the Manhattan Grain and Stock Co., and Woodruff & Co., commission merchants.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

One hundred and sixteen fourth-class postmasters were appointed yesterday.

The Baltimore police commissioners have decided that no applications from colored men for positions on the force will be received.

The Louisiana levees are weak and only the great efforts of the people of that State prevent the Mississippi river from sweeping all before it.

General Miles, commander of the United States army, has applied for permission to go to Greece to watch the war with Turkey and the President has his request under consideration.

Historic old "Chatham," opposite Fredericksburg, is to be sold at auction. The mansion was built in 1730 by Wm. Fitzhugh. Gen. Washington first met his wife there, and Gen. Lee courted her while there.

It is said that President McKinley has decided to appoint Judge William R. Day as Solicitor General to succeed Holmes Conrad, of Virginia. This, however, will not interfere with Judge Day's mission to Cuba.

Shepherd L. Pender, general freight and passenger agent of the Carolina and Northwestern railroad, was run over by a train at Lincolnton, N. C., yesterday and killed. He was a son of Gen. Pender, of Confederate fame.

Four large black snakes yesterday attacked Wm. Martin while he was at work in a field near Cumberland, Md., and nearly strangled him to death. His son ran to his assistance and cut in two one of the snakes which measured seven feet.

The baseball season opened yesterday. The following are the league scores: Baltimore 10, Boston 5; Brooklyn 5, Washington 4; Philadelphia 5, New York 1; Louisville 3, Cleveland 1; Pittsburgh 4, St. Louis 1; Cincinnati 8, Chicago 7.

Fire at the Washington navy yard yesterday evening destroyed the naval examiners' and retiring board's building and caused a damage estimated at \$10,000. At one time it appeared as though the entire row of buildings would be consumed, but the action of the department prevented the fire from spreading.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Dr. J. T. McCrum, a prominent druggist of Lexington, died yesterday.

C. E. Verdier, a well-known provision broker, died suddenly in Norfolk yesterday.

Mr. David A. Karr and Miss Cora Tinsley were married at the home of the bride's mother, at Staunton, yesterday.

Mr. L. G. Johnson has sold to S. H. Hamilton, of McDonald, Pa., 800 acres of land near Mannanna postoffice, in Colpeper county.

John Raymond Gordon, the 15-year-old boy who confessed to burning the house of Thomas Priddy, in Henrico, was yesterday convicted and sent to the reformatory for six years.

Mr. Carl Scholz, of West Virginia, and Miss Eleanor Haye Barclay, only daughter of Mr. E. H. Barclay, editor of the Lexington Gazette, were married yesterday at noon at the residence of the bride's parents in Lexington.

Another heavy frost yesterday morning increased the crop devastation in Norfolk county and leaves no doubt in the mind of anybody that there will be a tremendous shortage in the shipments of vegetable products from the port of Norfolk.

The finance committee of the Norfolk City Council has introduced an ordinance providing for the taxation of newspapers, the proposed law requiring morning papers published in the city to pay a license of \$100, and afternoon papers a license of \$50. Papers published less than six times a week will be required to pay a license tax of \$25. The proposed law excites considerable interest.

Republican County Chairman Ward, of Rappahannock, is in Washington, and will endeavor to secure the appointment of republican postmasters at the following places in that county: Edward Cary, at Washington; C. A. Hockley, Amisville; C. N. Johnson, Springfield; George C. Elkins, Woodville, and Miss Bettie Johnson, State Mills. Several of these applicants served under the Harrison administration, and hope to be reappointed. Strenuous efforts are to be made to remove the postmaster at Washington, Miss West, but as she has given no offense and has an excellent record at the department, she will in all probability be allowed to serve out her term.

CAPE FEAR AND YADKIN.

A dispatch from Raleigh, N. C., says that the question of the sale of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway in which a number of Alexandrians are interested, will be reopened on the petition of attorneys representing New York bondholders.

Judge Simonton in the United States Court has issued an order suspending the decree of foreclosure of the road. Provision is made for a supplementary hearing on the question whether it shall be sold as a whole according to the decree recently issued. The hearing is set for June 9.

Under the recent order of the court the contention of the Baltimore committee that the property should be sold as a whole and not in sections was upheld. This was a set back for the New York committee which asked for sale by sections. The Southern Railway desires to take one of the sections, while the Seaboard Air Line offers to operate the whole property. Gen. John Gill, president of the Mercantile, Trust and Deposit Company, manages the road at present as receiver.

A recent issue of the Raleigh News and Observer said:

"It seems that the law that passed the General Assembly forbidding the sale of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad, except as a whole, prevented the dismemberment of that North Carolina system."

KILLED HER HUSBAND.—A case which has excited deep interest in southwest Virginia closed at Abingdon yesterday when Mrs. Sarah Deckard was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for the murder of her husband, on their farm, near Bristol, last January. The plea was self-defense. Deckard was a man of violent passions, and his family lived in dread of him. He threatened to kill Mrs. Deckard if their daughter married. The girl was wedded the day of the killing, and Deckard was kept in ignorance of it. In fear of his threat, Mrs. Deckard arose from bed, and taking an axe, buried it in his skull. The jury, it is claimed, came very near acquittal. A motion for a new trial is pending.

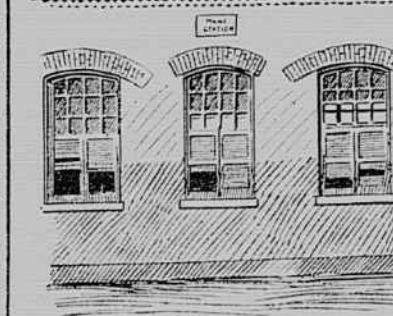
HANGED BY A MOB.

Joseph McCoy, the Assailant of Little Annie Lacy, Taken from a Cell in the Station House and Hanged to a Lamp Post—Thrilling Scenes in and Around Police Headquarters.

The righteous indignation of old Alexandria was aroused last night to a degree akin to that manifested in the Christmas riot of 1865, and as a result Joseph McCoy, a negro raver, was strung up to a lamp post, bullets sent into body, his body, his head split open with an axe and other indignities heaped upon his quivering remains. It was the fourth case of outrage which has occurred in this vicinity in less than a year—one in Alexandria county early last summer where a young white girl was the victim of a negro brute; one in the First ward a month or so ago when a little simpering white girl told

a revolting story of gross wrong on the part of one who should have been her protector; the recent case of Lewis and Mrs. Reidel, and the startling exposure made yesterday afternoon concerning McCoy and his victim.

Some gentlemen living in the southern part of the city obtained information of McCoy's conduct toward Annie Lacy, daughter of Mr. Tobias Lacy, who lives in the southern part of the city, and the information was lodged with Lieutenant Smith, who started in immediate search of the accused. Shortly before seven o'clock he found the negro in a stable on south Washington street, near the Catholic cemetery, and took him to the station house. McCoy at first flatly denied the charge, but upon being locked up he made one of the most revolting confessions ever listened to. His victim is about ten years of age, and the fiend acknowledged that the reason her sister, still younger, was not his victim also was through no



The Station House.

fault of his. The crime had been going on for the past two weeks, and yesterday the children's condition became so serious that they were compelled to make a confession. A physician was called and a revolting exposure followed.

When the facts in the case became noised around the greatest indignation was aroused, and suggestions of summary vengeance were made by numbers, but the more sober-minded believed a conservative spirit would overcome the minds of all and that the law would be allowed to take its course. The result, however, showed the surmise to be erroneous. Instead of quieting down the spirit of vengeance was growing every moment. The streets near the City Hall were swarming with people from early in the night, and excited and determined groups were on corners talking angrily. At ten o'clock the Mayor undertook to cast oil on the troubled waters by advising all he met to abstain from rashness and let the law take its course, but in the face of the indignation that was manifested his admonitions were but little heeded.

Crowds were in the neighborhood when the relief guard went out at ten o'clock, and at that time were becoming menacing, but the police, Chief Webster and Lieutenant Smith, who were in the station house, believed the angry waves would soon subside and the excitement quiet down.

The crowd, however, kept in the vicinity and would occasionally come on the station house pavement, but attempted no violence. The officers had determined to protect the negro as long as possible, and made every preparation to resist an attack. About 12 o'clock he first decided movement toward taking McCoy from the cell was made. The front door was broken open and a number of excited men, among them the policemen and some of the ringleaders captured, but subsequently released. At this juncture Lieutenant Smith appeared at the front door and ordered the crowd to disperse. He advised them to be law-abiding citizens and to let justice take its course in the usual way. The Mayor had ordered the officers to protect the prisoner and would have called out the Alexandria Light Infantry had it been deemed necessary, but all in authority at that time believed the trouble was over, as the crowd had scattered when the officers discharged their pistols at the first attack. But the assemblage had no intention of abandoning their purpose and had repaired to a neighboring lumber yard, where a large pile of timber was procured to be used as a battering ram. At a quarter past one o'clock the mob returned with a yell, and it is believed that at least five hundred people were in the gang, and, strange to say, it was impossible, in the excitement, to identify those who composed the crowd. Some were strangers and nearly all had their hats pulled down over their eyes. The station house door was smashed in a few seconds and excited men surged in immediately. The chief, lieutenant and officers Wilkinson, Atkinson, Lyles, Davis and Knight and Constable Webster were thrown aside by some and secured by others. The chief was knocked back on the steps he was descending and the lieutenant was thrown first one way and then another and finally plied and made helpless by half a dozen men.

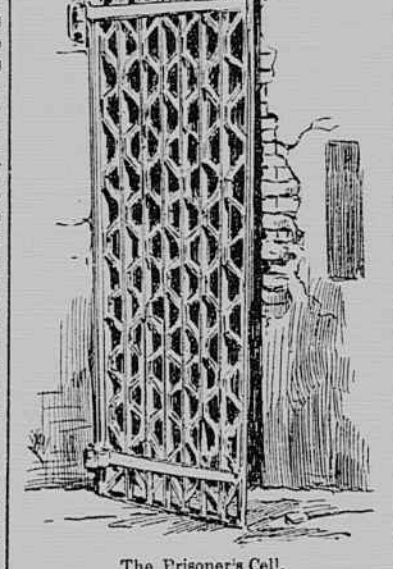
The chief had drawn his pistol but was prevented from using it. Officer Knight had also produced his pistol, but his arm was caught and the weapon turned against his own head. It was with the greatest difficulty that he succeeded in turning the muzzle upward and prevented it from being discharged. In the meantime the crowd outside which could not gain an entrance were breaking the windows and cutting out sash in their eagerness to get at McCoy. Those inside soon demolished the door leading into the corridor and went directly to the ravisher's cell. McCoy, who had been listening to the assault, had become terribly frightened and had climbed up on the door and was sequestered near the ceiling. The mob supposed they were at the wrong cell, and were about to leave for another, when McCoy's legs were discovered. He was pulled down with a yell and dragged to the pavement, and the mob surged toward Cameron street with him. The negro cried piteously for mercy and resisted all the way. The crowd turned down Cameron street to Lee street and on the southeast corner made rapid preparations to carry out their purpose. A rope had been procured from Mr. G. E. Price's awning, a noose was soon around McCoy's neck and in less time than it takes to tell he was dangling from the lamp post on that corner. Bullet after bullet was sent into his body, and when he had been cut down one of the mob used an axe on his head and blood and brains were spattered on the

pavement.

The remains were gathered up this morning and taken to Mr. Demaine's undertaking establishment.

The affair has been the chief subject of conversation to-day. The fact that it is the fourth instance within less than a year where females have been shamefully treated in this vicinity has naturally aroused the righteous indignation of the community, and while all believe in law and order, the general sentiment has been that the fiend has met his just reward.

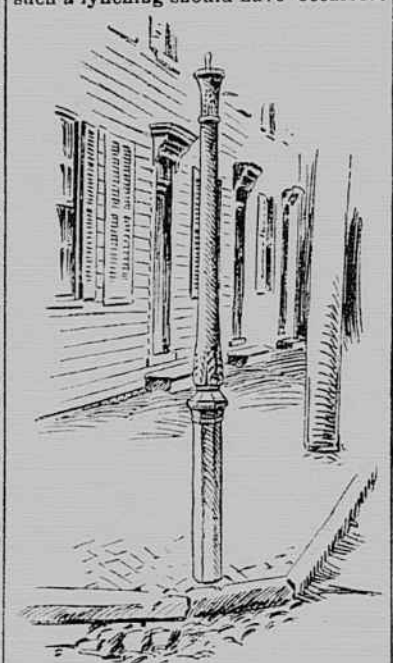
The damage to the station house will amount to about \$50. The fact that no one was seriously hurt save McCoy was fortunate. The officers at the station house were roughly handled and somewhat bruised, but they suffered no material injury.



The Prisoner's Cell.

Dr. Purvis, the city coroner, this morning summoned a jury of inquest in the matter. The jury consisted of Messrs. Louis Brill, Julius Dienelt, C. J. Smith and W. L. Wardfield, Jr., C. J. Smith and W. L. Wardfield, Jr. The jury met at Demaine's undertaking establishment and after being sworn and viewing the body, adjourned to meet at 7 o'clock to night. In the meantime a post mortem examination will be held. The body showed a bullet wound over the heart, a cut on the neck, a bad cut on the head and a slight burn on the body. Fire had been applied to certain parts of the negro's body.

Gov. O'Ferrall to-day telegraphed to Judge Norton asking him to wire him the facts in the case and then to write him the full particulars. The Governor stated that he thought it strange that in a city like Alexandria, with a police force, a military company, &c., such a lynching should have occurred.



The Scene of the Tragedy.

The father of Annie Lacy took her to Dr. O'Brien yesterday, who found her to be suffering from a specific disease. A malignant growth had to be removed. The doctor asked if Mr. Lacy thought his child had been tampered with and he replied in the negative. Annie, however, subsequently admitted her relations with McCoy, when the father, fearing his other children had been victims also of the negro, questioned them and found his horrible suspicions to be real. He requested Dr. O'Brien to examine them, and he and Dr. Snowden discovered that the two other children, aged 6 and 8 years, had been as unfortunate as their sister. Annie, upon whom the operation was performed, is doing well and the two other children show no ill effects from their injuries.

Capt. Bryan, of the Alexandria Light

Infantry, received a telegram from the Adjutant General to-day asking him to send an explanation concerning the apparent inactivity of the company at the time of the lynching. The captain had received no official call from the Mayor for the company, it being believed after the first assault on the station house that there would be no further trouble. When the mob returned they did so suddenly and performed their work so expeditiously that the company could not have been formally summoned in time to have frustrated the purpose of the lynching party.

The body of McCoy has been at Demaine's establishment all day and has been visited by many inquisitive persons. So far none of his relatives have been there, however, nor has there been any claims made by them for the remains.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Case Postponed.

FAIRFAX COURTHOUSE, April 23.—The case of James Lewis, colored, indicted for having committed an assault on old Mrs. Reidel on the Rose Hill farm, a few miles from this city, last week, was called in the Fairfax County Court to-day, Judge Lipcomb, of Prince William, presiding. The commonwealth was represented by Mr. J. M. Love and the prisoner by Messrs. Thornton and Ford. Owing to the absence of witnesses who, it is stated, were in Charlottesville and Alexandria, the case, on motion of the prisoner's counsel, was continued till Monday next, and the jury which had been summoned to try the case and the witnesses on hand adjourned till that time. The prisoner was in court during the short proceedings, as was also Mrs. Reidel. She is quite feeble, but showed no change since her appearance here last week. There was not an unusually large attendance at court and really no excitement. The lynching affair at Alexandria last night was generally discussed, but it seems to have aroused no excitement here. No special precautions have been taken to guard the prisoner, and none, so far, seem necessary.

The War in the East.

ATHENS, April 23.—After the bombardment of Katriva by the Greek squadron the fleet landed a detachment and found the Turks had left behind them immense stores of provisions. The capture of these towns and stores places a serious difficulty in the path of Edhem Pasha.

A dispatch from Arta says the Turks have abandoned Klafa and Kozinitzades. CORFU, April 23.—The Greek warships have suspended the bombardment of Preveza, and left this morning for Santi Quaranta.

LONDON, April 23.—A dispatch dated at Athens to-day says the Greek army has occupied a strong position at Mati, where there has been fighting since yesterday. The Turkish attacks have been repulsed.

BRUSSELS, April 23.—It is announced that all the powers have given their adhesion to the note of the Russian minister for foreign affairs assuring the Greeks and Turks of the friendly interference of the powers in the present struggle so soon as asked for by either side.

BERLIN, April 23.—A telegram from Constantinople says that while it is true that the town of Preveza has been partly destroyed by the guns of the Greek warships and those of a battery which the Greeks erected, the citadel of Preveza is not damaged and is still held by the Turks.

ATHENS, April 23.—The excitement here continues to be most intense. Advice received here to-day from Volosay that even the women are arming themselves to do battle with the Turks.

Disastrous Railroad Wreck.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 23.—Another disastrous wreck occurred yesterday. As a result three men are dead, two others are said to be dying and a number of others more or less seriously injured. A train of the Louisville and Nashville bound for New Orleans, left here at 9:40 Wednesday night loaded down with passengers. When the engine reached the trestle beyond Wilcox the wheels left the track, broke through the trestle and the engine, the baggage and smoking cars were piled in a heap in the stream below. The engineer, the fireman and an unknown tramp who was stealing a ride were killed. Two passengers were fatally injured and a number were seriously hurt. The spikes on the trestle had been drawn, the rails pushed 7 or 8 inches out of line and pinned down again. Two negro suspects have been arrested.

The Situation at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 23.—The river stood still yesterday. Crowds gathered but no rain fell. New Orleans has 2,000 men at work this morning. Lumber in carloads and mud by the trainload are being used. Only a few days more remain before the crisis will be reached.

Foreign News.

ROME, April 23.—The physicians who have been examining Pietro Acciarito, who tried to stab King Humbert yesterday with a dagger while his majesty was on his way to the races, pronounce the man to be insane.

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate yesterday the Nelson substitute for the Torrey bankruptcy bill was passed and the free homestead bill was made the unfinished business. The Nelson bill provides that any debtor, other than a corporation, owing \$200 or more, who is unable to pay his debts, may file his petition in the district court of the United States for the district or division thereof in which he resides, asking for a discharge from his debts and offering to surrender all his property for the payment of his debts except such as is exempt by the law of his domicile from execution and liability for debts. The Senate, after hearing the announcement of the death of Representative Holman, adjourned till Monday.

The House adopted a special order for the consideration of the Senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill without reference to a committee. Mr. Bailey and his followers joined with the republicans in this proposition after the special order had been modified so as not to cover the appropriation bills. After consideration of the bill, but without action, the committee arose and Mr. Steele (republican, of Indiana) then announced the death of his colleague, Mr. Holman.

Accompanied by fifty or sixty Chinamen of high and low degree, Wu Tingfang, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from China to the United States, Spain and Peru, reached Chicago to-day on his way to Washington.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, April 23.

SENATE.

The Senate was not in session to-day. HOUSE.

The desk of the late Judge Holman to-day was covered with a black pall of mourning upon which were strewn lilies of the valley and hyacinths. The blind chaplain in his prayer referred feelingly to the loss the House and country had sustained in his death.

Immediately after the reading of the journal Mr. Bland offered the resolution which he attempted to offer last week relative to the suits to foreclose the first mortgage on the Union Pacific railroad and calling on the attorney general for information as to what steps had been taken to protect the interests of the government, so modified as to strike out the clause directing the Speaker to immediately appoint the committee on Pacific railroads. He presented the resolution as a privileged question on the ground that as there was no committee to which the resolution could be referred this was the only way it could be brought before the House.

The Speaker ruled that it was not privileged, whereupon Mr. Bland appealed and Mr. Dingley promptly moved to lay the appeal on the table. The chair ruled the motion was not debatable, but a brief debate was indulged in touching the merits of the resolution. The debate was brought to an abrupt close by the interposition of a point of order that the motion to lay the appeal on the table was not debatable.

Mr. Bailey called for the yeas and nays, which were ordered.

The appeal was laid upon the table, 87 to 75, 22 yeas and not voting.

On motion of Mr. Robinson Mr. Bland was added to the committee to attend the Holman obsequies.

Mr. Dalzell asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution for the appointment of a committee of 25 members of which the Speaker should be chairman, to attend the exercises in connection with the dedication of the Grant tomb next Tuesday. There no objection and the resolution was agreed to.

Mr. Dingley then effected an agreement by unanimous consent by which the House when it adjourned to-day should adjourn until Monday next, on Monday until Thursday and on Thursday until the following Monday, with the understanding that the meetings next week should be merely formal, no business whatever to be transacted.

The House then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the Senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Dowager Duchess of Bedford died to-day.

The outlook in portions of the flooded section of the country is still gloomy. Fire at Whitney's Point, N. Y., to-day destroyed property valued at \$250,000.

In the Kentucky legislature to-day two ineffectual ballots were taken for U. S. Senator.

The Florida legislature to-day again failed to elect a U. S. Senator. Chipley gained 2 and Call 1.

The directors of the B. & O. railroad to-day decided to pass the semi-annual dividend on the Washington branch of that road.

The republicans of the Kentucky Legislature met in caucus last night to nominate a candidate for the U. S. Senate, but adjourned without nominating.

Mrs. George Beane, better known as Mabel Paines, the dancer, has been awarded a jury verdict for \$10,000 in Chicago for injuries received from a folding bed in the Hotel Normandie.

A small tornado passed one mile west of Newton, Kas., last night wrecking several houses, injuring three occupants, killing many cattle, uprooted orchards and groves and smashed thousands of panes of glass.

Judge Showalter, of the U. S. Court, has granted the injunction asked by the street railroad company of Indianapolis, Indiana, against the enforcement of the three cent fare law. The effect will be a return five cent fares.

Rev. Dr. H. C. Farrar, ex-pastor of St. Luke's Church, Albany, was to-day expelled from the Methodist Episcopal Church and the ministry at the Troy conference. The accusation against Dr. Farrar was of adultery and he admitted his guilt. He is a grandfather.

John Raap, a wholesale dealer, was shot and killed to-day by his former confidential clerk, J. W. Braunschweig, who afterward put the revolver to his own temple and killed himself. The murder and suicide occurred in Rapp's private offices in Chicago in the presence of Philip Solomon, a deputy sheriff who had a capias for Braunschweig's arrest on a charge of embezzlement from Raap.

News just received from Hong Kong contradicts the report that the Philippine rebellion is practically stamped out.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a bottle at E. L. Allen's Drug Store.

Two years ago R. J. Warren, a druggist at Pleasant Brook, N. J., bought a small supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sums up the result as follows: "At that time the goods were unknown in this section; to-day Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a household word." It is the same in hundreds of communities. Where ever the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy become known the people will have nothing else. For sale by J. H. Jannet, Druggist, 701 King street.

ARNOLD'S BROMO-CRELYE. Try this unrivaled remedy for Headaches, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, 10 cents.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25 cents. Sold by CHARLES G. LEXNOUN.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.

THE BUILDING on the northeast corner of King and Union streets, the best stand in the city for a grocery. Possession given on the first of May. Apply at this office, apt 1.